## CLAIMS

- A membrane for separating plasma or serum from blood, having a porosity of not more than 30%.
- 2. The plasma or serum separating membrane according to claim 1, wherein a plurality of through holes are provided so as to penetrate from one side to the other side of the membrane.
- 3. The plasma or serum separating membrane according to claim 2, wherein diameters of the through holes fall within the range of 0.05 to 2.0  $\mu m$ .
  - 4. The plasma or serum separating membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein mean surface roughness of the membrane is not more than 100 nm.
- 5. The plasma or serum separating membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 4, used as a corpuscle blocking membrane for preventing contamination by corpuscles.
  - 6. A filter apparatus comprising:
- a first filter member through which plasma can move 20 faster than corpuscles; and
  - a plasma or serum separating membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 5, serially connected in subsequent stage with the first filter member.
- 7. The filter apparatus according to claim 6, wherein 25 the filter member serves as a first filter member, the

plasma or serum separating membrane serves as a second filter member, and a third filter member made of fiber having a mean fiber diameter of not less than 3.0  $\mu$ m and a bulk density of not more than 0.3 g/cm³ is provided in precedent stage of the first filter member.

- 8. The filter apparatus according to claim 6 or 7, wherein the first filter member is made of fiber, and mean fiber diameter is from 0.2 to 3.0  $\mu$ m and filled density is from 0.1 to 0.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 9. A filter apparatus comprising:

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- a container body having an opening at its one end;
- a cylindrical member attached to the opening of the container body in liquid-tight manner;
- a first filter member placed in the cylindrical member, through which plasma can move faster than corpuscles; and
  - a second filter member comprising the membrane for separating plasma or serum from blood according to any one of claims 1 to 5, serially connected with the first filter member in subsequent stage in the cylindrical member;
- wherein the first and the second filter members are disposed in a filter accommodation part, a blood accommodation part is formed in precedent stage of the filter accommodation part, and a plasma or serum storage part is formed on the downstream side of the filter accommodation part.

10. The filter apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising:

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a third filter member provided in precedent stage of the first filter member, made of fiber having a mean fiber diameter of not less than 3.0  $\mu m$  and a bulk density of not more than 0.3 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

- 11. The filter apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 9, wherein the first filter member through which plasma can move faster than corpuscles has a property of adsorbing fibrinogen contained in blood, plasma or a fibrinogen solution.
- 12. The filter apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 11, wherein an anticoagulant component is stored in at least a part of the internal space of the filter apparatus.
- 13. The filter apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 11, wherein an accelerator for accelerating coagulation of blood is stored in at least a part of the internal space.
- 20 14. The filter apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 13, wherein an aqueous solution having an osmotic pressure of 200 to 300 mOsm/kg is added to at least a part of the section from the blood accommodation part to the first and the second filter members.
- 25 15. A blood testing container (The filter apparatus)

according to claim 14, wherein the aqueous solution contains an internal standard substance.

16. The filter apparatus according to any one of claims 9 to 15, wherein a volume ratio of the blood accommodation part, filter accommodation part and plasma or serum storage part is in the range of 0.5-2:1:1-10.

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17. A blood testing container including the filter apparatus according to any one of claims 6 to 16, wherein a strip of immunochromatographical diagnostic agent to be added to the separated plasma or serum is stored in the blood testing container.